



# **Bramshill Income Performance Fund**

**Institutional Class  
Investor Class\***

**BRMSX**

**PROSPECTUS**

July 31, 2021

\*As of the date of this Prospectus, Investor Class shares are not available for purchase.

**The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission has not approved or disapproved these securities or determined if this Prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.**

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## SUMMARY SECTION

### Investment Objective

The Bramshill Income Performance Fund (the “Fund”) seeks to maximize total return.

### Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold, and sell shares of the Fund. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the table and the Example below.

#### Annual Fund Operating Expenses

*(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)*

	Institutional Class	Investor Class
Management Fees	0.85%	0.85%
Distribution and Service (Rule 12b-1) Fees	None	0.25%
Other Expenses	0.19%	0.19%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.25%	0.25%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses <sup>(1)</sup>	1.29%	1.54%

<sup>(1)</sup> Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses do not correlate to the “Ratio of expenses to average net assets” either “Before fees waived by the Adviser” or “After fees waived by the Adviser” provided in the Financial Highlights because the Financial Highlights reflect the operating expenses of the Fund and do not include 0.25% that is attributed to acquired fund fees and expenses.

#### Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The amounts calculated in the Example would be the same even if the assumed investment was not redeemed at the end of each period. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions, your costs would be:

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Institutional Class	\$131	\$409	\$708	\$1,556
Investor Class	\$157	\$486	\$839	\$1,834

#### Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2021, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 83% of the average value of its portfolio.

#### Principal Investment Strategies of the Fund

The Fund implements a tactical fixed income strategy which seeks to maximize total return across different types of fixed income products and, based on market conditions, may also hold cash and cash equivalents.

The Fund’s investments are comprised of a tactical portfolio of income-producing securities, including up to 80% in investment grade corporate bonds and up to 40% in high yield bonds (*i.e.*, junk bonds), which are defined as corporate bonds rated below Baa by Moody’s Investors Service, Inc. (“Moody’s”), or equivalently rated by Standard & Poor’s Ratings Services (“S&P”) or Fitch, Inc. (“Fitch”), or, if unrated, determined by the Adviser to be of comparable quality. The Fund may invest in securities that are in default, which may be rated as low as

“D” (default) or its equivalent by the rating agencies. The Fund may also invest up to 70% in preferred stocks (including payment-in-kind, fixed to floating rate, convertible, cumulative and non-cumulative, callable, and perpetual), up to 80% in U.S. municipal bonds, and up to 100% in U.S. Treasuries. The Fund may also invest up to 15% in fixed income closed-end funds and up to 25% in fixed income exchange traded funds (“ETFs”). The Fund may also invest up to 25% in foreign issuers of U.S. dollar denominated fixed income securities. The Fund may also invest in contingent convertible securities, which are fixed income instruments that are convertible into equity if a pre-specified trigger event occurs. Contingent convertible securities have been popular in the context of crisis management in the European banking industry to meet certain capital requirements; pay a fixed rate of interest but have characteristics of both debt and equity; and, unlike traditional convertible instruments, are mandatorily convertible to common shares by the issuing bank under certain adverse circumstances (i.e., if issuing bank falls below certain level of capital).

The Fund is actively managed and incorporates sector allocations and tactical hedging during various interest rate and market environments. The Adviser uses fundamental credit and relative value analysis, and focuses on securities with transparent pricing, actively-traded capital structures and a high level of liquidity. The Adviser seeks to maintain the Fund’s portfolio at an average credit rating of investment grade. The dollar weighted average duration of the portfolio of the Fund for the past year is approximately two years, with an expected range of between one and nine years based on the Adviser’s assessment of market conditions. The Fund may invest in fixed-income securities of any duration or maturity. Duration is a measure of the sensitivity of the price of a fixed income security (or a portfolio of fixed income securities) to changes in interest rates. The prices of fixed income securities with shorter duration generally will be less affected by changes in interest rates than the prices of fixed income securities with greater duration. For example, a five year duration means the fixed income security is expected to decrease in value by 5% if interest rates rise 1% and increase in value by 5% if interest rates fall 1% holding other factors constant.

The Fund may make use of futures and options on futures, including U.S. Treasury futures, to adjust its sensitivity to interest rate changes and to gain exposure to U.S. Treasury securities. The Fund may also sell short U.S. Treasury securities (of an aggregate dollar value not exceeding 33 1/3% of the aggregate dollar value of the Fund’s assets) only as a hedge based on market conditions. The Fund seeks to mitigate the negative impact of rising Treasury interest rates on the performance of investment grade bonds (conversely limiting the positive impact of falling interest rates). These short positions are not intended to mitigate other factors influencing the price of investment grade bonds, such as credit risk, which may have a greater impact than rising or falling interest rates.

The Fund may lend portfolio securities to brokers, dealers and other financial organizations that meet capital and other credit requirements or other criteria established by the Board. These loans, if and when made, may not exceed 33 1/3% of the total asset value of the Fund (including the loan collateral). By lending its securities, the Fund may increase its income by receiving payments from the borrower.

The Fund may invest in fixed rate or floating rate securities. Floating rate instruments reset their interest rate periodically over a base rate, with rates tied to a representative interest rate index, typically 3-month London Interbank Offered Rate (“LIBOR”).

While investing in a particular sector is not a strategy of the Fund, its portfolio may be significantly invested in one or more sectors as a result of the security selection decisions made pursuant to its investment strategy. The Fund’s portfolio currently has significant investment in companies in the financials sector, although this may change from time to time.

The Fund’s strategies may result in frequent portfolio trading and high portfolio turnover (typically greater than 100%). A higher portfolio turnover may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in the Fund’s annual operating expenses or in the expense example, affect the Fund’s performance.

## **Principal Risks of Investing in the Fund**

Losing all or a portion of your investment is a risk of investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not a deposit with a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. The following risks could affect the value of your investment:

### ***Call Risk***

During a period of falling interest rates, the issuer may redeem a security by repaying it early, which may reduce the Fund's income if the proceeds are reinvested at lower interest rates.

### ***Closed-End Fund Risk***

Shares of closed-end funds frequently trade at a price per share that is less than the net asset value ("NAV") per share. There can be no assurance that the market discount on shares of any closed-end fund purchased by the Fund will ever decrease or that when the Fund seeks to sell shares of a closed-end fund it can receive the NAV of those shares. Closed-end funds have lower levels of daily volume when compared to open-end companies. There are greater risks involved in investing in securities with limited market liquidity. To the extent the Fund invests in closed-end funds, it will indirectly bear its proportionate share of any fees and expenses payable directly by the closed-end fund. Therefore, the Fund would incur higher expenses, which may be duplicative, than if the Fund did not invest in closed-end funds.

### ***Contingent Convertible Securities Risk***

A contingent convertible security ("CoCo") is a fixed-income instrument that may be converted into or exchanged for a prescribed amount of common stock or other security of the same or a different issuer or cash within a particular period of time at a specified price or formula. The value of CoCos tends to decline as interest rates rise and, because of the conversion feature, tends to vary with fluctuations in the market value of the underlying securities. CoCos may involve the risk that holders of subordinate securities such as these may have to absorb losses in greater proportion than holders of more senior securities and may have greater risk than would holders of the underlying collateral which is to the benefit of the issuer and which may negatively impact the value of the security to the detriment of the Fund. In addition, CoCos are often rated below investment grade and have no assurance that the Fund as the holder would continue to receive any income upon conversion as the issuing bank may not be performing well and may not be paying any dividends.

### ***Counterparty Risk***

In general, a derivative contract typically involves leverage, *i.e.*, it provides exposure to potential gain or loss from a change in the level of the market price of a security, currency or commodity (or a basket or index) in a notional amount that exceeds the amount of cash or assets required to establish or maintain the derivative contract. Fund transactions involving a counterparty are subject to the risk that the counterparty or a third party will not fulfill its obligation to the Fund which can result in significant financial loss to the Fund.

### ***Credit Risk***

The risk that issuers of fixed income securities in which the Fund invests experience unanticipated financial problems causing their securities to decline in value. Changes in the market's perception of the issuer's financial strength or in a security's credit rating, which reflects a third party's assessment of the credit risk presented by a particular issuer, may affect debt securities' value. In addition, the Fund is subject to the risk that the issuer of a fixed income security will fail to make timely payments of interest or principal, or may stop making such payments altogether.

### ***Derivatives Risk***

The Fund may make use of futures, options on futures, including U.S. Treasury futures and other forms of derivative instruments. A risk of the Fund's use of derivatives is that the fluctuations in their values may not correlate perfectly with the overall securities markets. Additionally, to the extent the Fund is required to segregate or "set aside" (often referred to as "asset segregation") liquid assets or otherwise cover open positions with respect to certain derivative instruments, the Fund may be required to sell portfolio instruments to meet these asset segregation requirements. There is a possibility that segregation involving a large percentage of the Fund's assets

could impede portfolio management or the Fund's ability to meet redemption requests or other current obligations.

***ETF Trading Risk***

Because the Fund may invest in ETFs, it is subject to additional risks that do not apply to conventional mutual funds, including the risks that the market price of an ETF's shares may trade at a discount to its NAV, an active secondary trading market may not develop or be maintained, or trading may be halted by the exchange in which the ETFs trade, which may impact the Fund's ability to sell its shares of an ETF.

***Financials Sectors Risk***

Financial services companies are subject to extensive governmental regulation that may limit both the amounts and types of loans and other financial commitments they can make, the interest rates and fees they can charge, the scope of their activities, the prices they can charge, and the amount of capital they must maintain. Profitability is largely dependent on the availability and cost of capital funds and can fluctuate significantly when interest rates change or due to increased competition. In addition, deterioration of the credit markets generally may cause an adverse impact in a broad range of markets, including U.S. and international credit and interbank money markets generally, thereby affecting a wide range of financial institutions and markets. Certain events in the financials sector may cause an unusually high degree of volatility in the financial markets, both domestic and foreign, and cause certain financial services companies to incur large losses.

***Floating Rate Securities Risk***

The interest rates payable on floating rate securities are not fixed and may fluctuate based upon changes in market rates. The interest rate on a floating rate security is a variable rate which is tied to another interest rate, such as the LIBOR. Floating rate securities are subject to interest rate risk and credit risk.

***Foreign Securities Risk***

U.S. dollar denominated securities of foreign issuers involves special risks such as economic or financial instability, lack of timely or reliable financial information and unfavorable political or legal developments.

***Hedging Risk***

The short positions in Treasury securities are not intended to mitigate credit risk or other factors influencing the price of investment grade bonds, which may have a greater impact than rising or falling interest rates. There is no guarantee that the short positions will completely eliminate the interest rate risk of the long investment grade bond positions. The hedge cannot fully account for changes in the shape of the Treasury interest rate (yield) curve. There is no guarantee the Fund will have positive returns, even in environments of sharply rising Treasury interest rates in which the Fund's short positions might be expected to mitigate the effects of such rises.

***High Portfolio Turnover Risk***

High portfolio turnover involves correspondingly greater expenses to the Fund, including brokerage commissions or dealer mark-ups and other transaction costs on the sale of securities and reinvestments in other securities, which may result in adverse tax consequences to the Fund's shareholders. The Fund's portfolio turnover may exceed 100% per year.

***High Yield Securities Risk***

Securities that are rated below investment grade (*i.e.*, "junk bonds") are subject to additional risk factors due to the speculative nature of the securities, such as increased possibility of default liquidation of the security, and changes in value based on public perception of the issuer.

***Interest Rate Risk***

When interest rates increase, fixed income securities generally will decline in value and, as a result, an increase in interest rates may result in a decrease in the value of debt securities held by the Fund. Conversely, as interest rates decrease, the prices of fixed income securities tend to increase. Additionally, there may be less governmental action in the near future to maintain low interest rates, or governmental actions will be less effective in maintaining low interest rates. The negative impact on fixed income securities from the resulting rate increases for that and other reasons could be swift and significant, including falling market values, reduced liquidity and valuation difficulties.

### ***Leverage Risk***

The Fund may make investments in options on futures, including U.S. Treasury futures, and other derivative instruments. These derivatives instruments provide the economic effect of financial leverage by creating additional investment exposure, as well as the potential for greater loss. If the Fund uses leverage through entering into short sales or purchasing derivative instruments, the Fund has the risk of losing more than its original investment. The net asset value of the Fund employing leverage will be more volatile and sensitive to market movements.

### ***LIBOR Transition Risk***

The Fund may invest in fixed rate or floating rate securities which reset their interest rate periodically over a base rate, with rates tied to a representative interest rate index, typically 3-month LIBOR. LIBOR is expected to be phased out by the end of 2021. While the effect of the transition cannot yet be determined, moving to a new benchmark may result in, among other things, increased volatility or illiquidity in markets for instruments based on LIBOR and changes in the value of such instruments. Multiple financial industry groups have begun planning for the transition away from LIBOR, but there are obstacles to converting that could affect the functioning, liquidity and value of instruments that reference LIBOR.

### ***Management Risk***

Management risk describes the Fund's ability to meet its investment objective based on the Adviser's success or failure to implement investment strategies for the Fund.

### ***Market Risk***

Market risk is the risk that the markets on which the Fund's investments trade will increase or decrease in value. Prices may fluctuate widely over short or extended periods in response to company, market or economic news. Local, regional, or global events such as war, acts of terrorism, the spread of infectious illness or other public health issues, recessions, or other events could have a significant impact on the securities markets and on specific securities. Markets also tend to move in cycles, with periods of rising and falling prices. If there is a general decline in the securities and other markets, your investment in the Fund may lose value, regardless of the individual results of the securities and other instruments in which the Fund invests.

### ***Municipal Securities Risk***

Investing in various municipal securities may involve risk related to the ability of the municipalities to continue to meet their obligations for the payment of interest and principal when due.

### ***Payment-in-kind Securities Risk***

Investing in payment-in-kind securities may involve the risk that interest payments deferred are subject to the risk that the borrower may default when deferred payments are due; interest rates on payment-in-kind loans are higher to reflect the time value of money on the deferred interest payments and higher credit risk of borrowers who may need to defer interest payments; payment-in-kind securities may have unreliable valuations because the accruals require judgment about the ultimate collectability of the deferred payment and the value of the associated collateral; and, the required recognition of payment-in-kind interest for U.S. federal income tax purposes may have a negative impact on liquidity because it represents a non-cash component of the Fund's taxable income that must nevertheless be distributed in cash to investors to avoid it being subject to corporate level taxation.

### ***Preferred Stock Risk***

Preferred stock combines some of the characteristics of both common stocks and bonds. Preferred stock is typically subordinated to bonds and other debt instruments in a company's capital structure in terms of priority to corporate income and, therefore, will be subject to greater credit risk than those debt instruments. In addition, dividends are not guaranteed and the stock may be callable and subject to market risk.

### ***Prepayment and Extension Risk***

When interest rates fall, issuers of high interest debt obligations may pay off the debts earlier than expected (prepayment risk), and the Fund may have to reinvest the proceeds at lower yields. When interest rates rise, issuers of lower interest debt obligations may pay off the debts later than expected (extension risk), thus keeping the Fund's assets tied up in lower interest debt obligations.

**Recent Market Events Risk**

Periods of market volatility may occur in response to pandemics or other events outside of our control. These types of events could adversely affect the Fund’s performance. For example, since December 2019, a novel strain of coronavirus (COVID-19) has spread globally, which has resulted in the temporary closure of many corporate offices, retail stores, manufacturing facilities and factories, and other businesses across the world. As the extent of the impact on global markets from COVID-19 is difficult to predict, the extent to which COVID-19 may negatively affect the Fund’s performance or the duration of any potential business disruption is uncertain. Any potential impact on performance will depend to a large extent on future developments and new information that may emerge regarding the duration and severity of COVID-19 and the actions taken by authorities and other entities to contain COVID-19 or treat its impact.

**Securities Lending Risk**

There are certain risks associated with securities lending, including the risk that the borrower may fail to return the securities on a timely basis or even the loss of rights in the collateral deposited by the borrower, if the borrower should fail financially. As a result the Fund may lose money.

**Short Sale Risk**

The risk of entering into short sales, including the potential loss of more money than the actual cost of the investment, and the risk that the third party to the short sale may fail to honor its contract terms, causing a loss to the Fund.

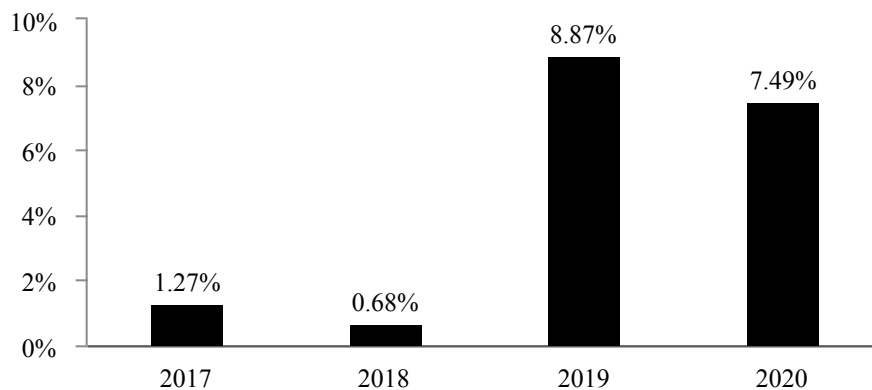
**U.S. Government Securities Risk**

U.S. government securities, which may be backed by the U.S. Department of the Treasury or the full faith and credit of the U.S., and may include U.S. Treasury bills, Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities, notes and bonds, are guaranteed only as to the timely payment of interest and principal when held to maturity. The market prices for such securities are not guaranteed and will fluctuate. Certain U.S. government agency securities are backed by the right of the issuer to borrow from the U.S. Department of the Treasury, or are supported only by the credit of the issuing agency or instrumentality, and in some cases there may be some risk of default by the issuer.

**Performance**

The following performance information indicates some of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows the Fund’s Institutional Class performance from year to year. The table illustrates how the Fund’s average annual returns for the periods indicated compare with those of a broad measure of market performance. The Fund’s past performance, before and after taxes, does not necessarily indicate how it will perform in the future. Updated performance information will be available on the Fund’s website at [www.bramshillfunds.com](http://www.bramshillfunds.com) or by calling the Fund toll-free at 877-BRAMS18 or 877-272-6718.

**Calendar year ended December 31,**





For the calendar year-to-date period ended June 30, 2021, the Fund’s total return was 2.28%. During the period of time shown in the bar chart, the Fund’s highest quarterly return was 7.92% for the quarter ended June 30, 2020, and the lowest quarterly return was -7.91% for the quarter ended March 31, 2020.

**Average Annual Total Returns  
For the Calendar Year Ended December 31, 2020**

<b>Institutional Class</b>	<b>1 Year</b>	<b>Since Inception April 11, 2016</b>
Return Before Taxes	7.49%	4.42%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	6.25%	3.15%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	4.64%	2.92%
<b>Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index</b> (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	7.51%	3.96%

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your situation and may differ from those shown. Furthermore, the after-tax returns shown are not relevant to those who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts (“IRAs”).

In certain cases, the figure representing “Return after Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares” may be higher than other return figures for the same period. A higher after-tax return results when a capital loss occurs upon redemption and provides an assumed tax deduction that benefits the investor.

**Management**

*Investment Adviser:* Bramshill Investments, LLC is the Fund’s investment adviser.

*Portfolio Managers:*

Art DeGaetano and Derek Pines are the Senior Portfolio Managers primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund and each has managed the Fund since inception in April 2016. Michael Hirschfield, CFA, is an Analyst and Portfolio Manager of the Fund and a member of the investment team since January 2018.

**Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares**

You may purchase or redeem Fund shares on any business day by written request via mail to Bramshill Income Performance Fund, c/o U.S. Bank Global Fund Services, P.O. Box 701, Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53201-0701, by telephone at 877-BRAMS18 or 877-272-6718, by wire transfer, or through a financial intermediary. Investors who wish to purchase or redeem Fund shares through a financial intermediary should contact the financial intermediary directly. The minimum initial and subsequent investment amounts are shown below. The minimum initial and subsequent investment may be modified for certain financial firms that submit orders on behalf of their customers.

	<b>Institutional Class</b>	<b>Investor Class</b>
Minimum Initial Investment	\$100,000	\$1,000
Minimum Subsequent Investment	\$5,000	\$100

**Tax Information**

The Fund’s distributions are taxable, and will be taxed as ordinary income, qualified dividend income or capital gains, unless you invest through a tax-advantaged arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement account (“IRA”). Distributions on investments made through tax-advantaged arrangements may be taxed later upon withdrawal of assets from those accounts.

**Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries**

If you purchase the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary, the Fund may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary’s website for more information.

## **INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE, PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES AND PRINCIPAL RISKS**

### **Investment Objective**

The Fund seeks to maximize total return. The Fund's objective is not fundamental and may be changed without shareholder approval.

### **Principal Investment Strategies**

The Fund implements a tactical fixed income strategy which seeks to maximize total return across different types of fixed income products and, based on market conditions, may also hold cash and cash equivalents. The Fund's investments are a tactical portfolio of income-producing securities, including up to 80% in investment grade corporate bonds and up to 40% in high yield bonds (*i.e.*, junk bonds), which are defined as corporate bonds rated below Baa by Moody's, or equivalently rated by S&P or Fitch, or, if unrated, determined by the Adviser to be of comparable quality. The Fund may invest in securities that are in default, which may be rated as low as "D" (default) or its equivalent by the rating agencies. The Fund may also invest up to 70% in preferred stocks (including payment-in-kind, fixed to floating rate, convertible, cumulative and non-cumulative, callable, and perpetual), up to 80% in U.S. municipal bonds, and up to 100% in U.S. Treasuries. The Fund may also invest up to 15% in fixed income closed-end funds and up to 25% in fixed income ETFs. The Fund may hold up to 25% in foreign issuers of U.S. dollar denominated fixed income securities. The Fund may also invest in contingent convertible securities, which are fixed income instruments that are convertible into equity if a pre-specified trigger event occurs. Contingent convertible securities have been popular in the context of crisis management in the European banking industry to meet certain capital requirements; pay a fixed rate of interest but have characteristics of both debt and equity; and, unlike traditional convertible instruments, are mandatorily convertible to common shares by the issuing bank under certain adverse circumstances (*i.e.*, if issuing bank falls below certain level of capital).

The Fund is actively managed typically and incorporates sector allocations and tactical hedging during various interest rate and market environments. The Adviser uses fundamental credit and relative value analysis, and focuses on securities with transparent pricing, actively-traded capital structures and liquidity. The Fund is not benchmark dependent and seeks to maintain an investment grade profile. The dollar weighted average duration of the portfolio of the Fund for the past year is approximately two years, with an expected range of between one and nine years based on the Adviser's assessment of market conditions. The Fund will use duration at times to contribute to returns. The Fund may invest in fixed-income securities of any duration or maturity. Duration is a measure of the sensitivity of the price of a fixed income security (or a portfolio of fixed income securities) to changes in interest rates. The prices of fixed income securities with shorter duration generally will be less affected by changes in interest rates than the prices of fixed income securities with greater duration. For example, a five year duration means the fixed income security is expected to decrease in value by 5% if interest rates rise 1% and increase in value by 5% if interest rates fall 1% holding other factors constant.

The Fund may sell short U.S. Treasury securities (of an aggregate dollar value not exceeding 33 1/3% of the aggregate dollar value of the Fund's assets) only as a hedge based on market conditions. The Fund seeks to mitigate the negative impact of rising Treasury interest rates on the performance of investment grade bonds (conversely limiting the positive impact of falling interest rates). The short positions are not intended to mitigate other factors influencing the price of investment grade bonds, such as credit risk, which may have a greater impact than rising or falling interest rates.

The Fund may also make use of futures and options on futures, including U.S. Treasury futures, to adjust its sensitivity to interest rate changes and to gain exposure to U.S. Treasury securities. Some over-the-counter derivative instruments may expose the Fund to the credit risk of its counterparty and may be more volatile than those of other instruments. While hedging strategies involving derivatives can reduce the risk of loss, they can also reduce the opportunity for gain or even result in losses by offsetting favorable price movements in other Fund investments.

The Fund may lend portfolio securities to brokers, dealers and other financial organizations that meet capital and other credit requirements or other criteria established by the Board. These loans, if and when made, may not exceed 33 1/3% of the total asset value of the Fund (including the loan collateral). By lending its securities, the Fund may increase its income by receiving payments from the borrower. Loan agreements involve certain risks, such as counterparty risk, in the event of default or insolvency of the borrower.

The Fund may invest in fixed rate or floating rate securities. Floating rate instruments reset their interest rate periodically over a base rate, with rates tied to a representative interest rate index, typically 3-month London Interbank Offered Rate (“LIBOR”).

While investing in a particular sector is not a strategy of the Fund, its portfolio may be significantly invested in one or more sectors as a result of the security selection decisions made pursuant to its investment strategy. The Fund’s portfolio currently has significant investment in companies in the financials sector, although this may change from time to time.

The Fund’s strategies may result in frequent portfolio trading and high portfolio turnover (typically greater than 100%). A higher portfolio turnover may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in the Fund’s annual operating expenses or in the expense example, affect the Fund’s performance.

The Fund may, from time to time, take temporary defensive positions that are inconsistent with its principal investment strategies in attempting to respond to adverse market, economic, political or other conditions. During such periods, all of the Fund’s assets may be invested in short-term, high-quality fixed income securities, cash or cash equivalents. When the Fund takes temporary defensive positions, it may not achieve its investment objective.

### **Principal Risks**

Losing all or a portion of your investment is a risk of investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not a deposit with a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. The following risks could affect the value of your investment:

#### ***Call Risk***

Call risk is the possibility that an issuer may redeem a U.S. Treasury or government security before maturity at a price below or above its current market price. An increase in the likelihood of a call may reduce the security’s price. If a U.S. Treasury or government security is called, the Fund may have to reinvest the proceeds in other fixed-income securities with lower interest rates, higher credit risks or other less favorable characteristics. In addition, during a period of falling interest rates, the issuer may redeem a security by repaying it early, which may reduce the Fund’s income if the proceeds are reinvested at lower interest rates.

#### ***Closed-End Fund Risk***

Shares of closed-end funds frequently trade at a price per share that is less than the NAV per share. There can be no assurance that the market discount on shares of any closed-end fund purchased by the Fund will ever decrease or that when the Fund seeks to sell shares of a closed-end fund it can receive the NAV of those shares. Closed-end funds have lower levels of daily volume when compared to open-end companies. There are greater risks involved in investing in securities with limited market liquidity. Closed-end funds may also issue senior securities (including preferred stock and debt obligations) for the purpose of leveraging the closed-end fund’s common shares in an attempt to enhance the current return to such closed-end fund’s common shareholders. The Fund’s investment in the common shares of closed-end funds that are financially leveraged may create an opportunity for greater total return on its investment, but at the same time may be expected to exhibit more volatility in market price and NAV than an investment in shares of investment companies without a leveraged capital structure.

To the extent the Fund invests in closed-end funds, it will indirectly bear its proportionate share of any fees and expenses payable directly by the closed-end fund. Therefore, the Fund would incur higher expenses, which may be duplicative, than if the Fund did not invest in closed-end funds. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance.

### ***Contingent Convertible Securities Risk***

A contingent convertible security (“CoCo”) is a fixed-income instrument that may be converted into or exchanged for a prescribed amount of common stock or other security of the same or a different issuer or cash within a particular period of time at a specified price or formula. The value of a CoCo tends to decline as interest rates rise and, because of the conversion feature, tends to vary with fluctuations in the market value of the underlying securities. They may be subject to the risk that the issuer will not be able to pay interest or dividends when due and their market value may change based on changes in the issuer’s credit rating or the market’s perception of the issuer’s creditworthiness. In addition, convertible securities are subject to the risks and price fluctuations of the underlying stock. CoCos may involve the risk that holders of subordinate securities such as these may have to absorb losses in greater proportion than holders of more senior securities and may have greater risk than would holders of the underlying collateral which is to the benefit of the issuer and which may negatively impact the value of the security to the detriment of the Fund. In addition, CoCos are often rated below investment grade and have no assurance that the Fund as the holder would continue to receive any income upon conversion as the issuing bank may not be performing well and may not be paying any dividends.

In addition to the general risks associated with fixed income securities and convertible securities, the risks of investing in CoCos include the risk that a CoCo may be written down, written off, or converted into an equity security when the issuer’s capital ratio falls below a specified trigger level or in a regulator’s discretion depending on the regulator’s judgment about the issuer’s solvency prospects. Due to these features, CoCos may have substantially greater risk than other securities in times of financial stress. If the trigger level is breached, the issuer’s decision to write down, write off, or convert a CoCo may result in the Fund’s complete loss on an investment in CoCos with no chance of recovery even if the issuer remains in existence.

### ***Counterparty Risk***

In general, a derivative contract typically involves leverage, *i.e.*, it provides exposure to potential gain or loss from a change in the level of the market price of a security, currency or commodity (or a basket or index) in a notional amount that exceeds the amount of cash or assets required to establish or maintain the derivative contract. Fund transactions involving a counterparty are subject to the risk that the counterparty or a third party will not fulfill its obligation to the Fund. Counterparty risk may arise because of the counterparty’s financial condition (*i.e.*, financial difficulties, bankruptcy, or insolvency), market activities and developments, or other reasons, whether foreseen or not. A counterparty’s inability to fulfill its obligation may result in significant financial loss to the Fund.

### ***Credit Risk***

If issuers of fixed income securities in which the Fund invests experience unanticipated financial problems, their issue is likely to decline in value. Changes in the market’s perception of the issuer’s financial strength or in a security’s credit rating, which reflects a third party’s assessment of the credit risk presented by a particular issuer, may affect debt securities’ value. In addition, the Fund is subject to the risk that the issuer of a fixed income security will fail to make timely payments of interest or principal, or may stop making such payments altogether.

### ***Derivatives Risk***

The Fund may make use of futures, options on futures, including U.S. Treasury futures and other forms of derivative instruments. The use of derivative instruments exposes the Fund to additional risks and transaction costs. A risk of the Fund’s use of derivatives is that the fluctuations in their values may not correlate perfectly with the overall securities markets. To the extent the Fund is required to segregate or “set aside” (often referred to as “asset segregation”) liquid assets or otherwise cover open positions with respect to certain derivative instruments, the Fund may be required to sell portfolio instruments to meet these asset segregation requirements. There is a possibility that segregation involving a large percentage of the Fund’s assets could impede portfolio management or the Fund’s ability to meet redemption requests or other current obligations. In addition, there is the risk that an investment in derivatives will not perform as anticipated, cannot be closed out at a favorable time or price, or may increase the Fund’s volatility.

### ***ETF Trading Risk***

Most ETFs are investment companies whose shares are purchased and sold on a securities exchange. Generally, an ETF represents a portfolio of securities designed to track a particular market segment or index. Because the Fund invests in ETFs, it is subject to additional risks that do not apply to conventional funds, including the risk that the market price of the ETF's shares may trade at a discount to their NAV. Also, an active secondary trading market for an ETF's shares may not develop or be maintained, or trading of an ETF's shares may be halted if the listing exchange deems such action appropriate. This could lead to a lack of market liquidity, thereby forcing the Fund to sell its shares in an ETF for less than the shares' NAV. Further, an ETF's shares may be delisted from the securities exchange on which they trade. An ETF may fail to accurately track the market segment or index that underlies its investment objective, and ETFs are subject to the risks of the underlying securities or sectors the ETF is designed to track. As with traditional mutual funds, ETFs charge asset-based fees. The Fund will indirectly pay a proportional share of the asset-based fees of the ETFs in which the Fund invests.

### ***Financials Sector Risk***

Financial services companies are subject to extensive governmental regulation that may limit both the amounts and types of loans and other financial commitments they can make, the interest rates and fees they can charge, the scope of their activities, the prices they can charge, and the amount of capital they must maintain. Profitability is largely dependent on the availability and cost of capital funds and can fluctuate significantly when interest rates change or due to increased competition. In addition, deterioration of the credit markets generally may cause an adverse impact in a broad range of markets, including U.S. and international credit and interbank money markets generally, thereby affecting a wide range of financial institutions and markets. Certain events in the financials sector may cause an unusually high degree of volatility in the financial markets, both domestic and foreign, and cause certain financial services companies to incur large losses. Securities of financial services companies may experience a dramatic decline in value when such companies experience substantial declines in the valuations of their assets, take action to raise capital (such as the issuance of debt or equity securities), or cease operations. Credit losses resulting from financial difficulties of borrowers and financial losses associated with investment activities can negatively impact the sector. Insurance companies may be subject to severe price competition. Adverse economic, business or political developments could adversely affect financial institutions engaged in mortgage finance or other lending or investing activities directly or indirectly connected to the value of real estate.

### ***Floating Rate Securities Risk***

The interest rates payable on certain fixed income securities in which the Fund may invest are not fixed and may fluctuate based upon changes in market rates. The interest rate on a floating rate security is a variable rate which is tied to another interest rate, such as LIBOR. Additionally, such securities are subject to interest rate risk and may fluctuate in value in response to interest rate changes if there is a delay between changes in market interest rates and the interest reset date for the obligation, or for other reasons. Floating rate securities are less effective at locking in a particular yield and are subject to credit risk.

### ***Foreign Securities Risk***

U.S. dollar denominated foreign securities, including those issued by foreign governments, involve risks in addition to those associated with comparable U.S. securities. Additional risks include exposure to less developed or less efficient trading markets; social, political or economic instability; potential for default on sovereign debt; nationalization or expropriation of assets; settlement, custodial or other operational risks; and less stringent auditing and legal standards. In addition, key information about the issuer, the markets or the local government or economy may be unavailable, incomplete or inaccurate. As a result, foreign securities can fluctuate more widely in price, and may also be less liquid, than comparable U.S. securities.

In particular, the Fund is subject to the risk that because there may be fewer investors on foreign exchanges and a smaller number of securities traded each day, it may be more difficult for the Fund to buy and sell securities on those exchanges. Transactions may also be subject to less efficient settlement practices, including extended clearance and settlement periods. Although foreign securities offer added diversification potential, world markets, or those in a particular region, may all react in similar fashion to important economic or political developments. Securities issued by U.S. entities with substantial foreign operations can involve additional risks relating to conditions in foreign countries.

***Hedging Risk***

The short positions in U.S. Treasury securities are not intended to mitigate credit risk or other factors influencing the price of investment grade bonds, which may have a greater impact than rising or falling interest rates. There is no guarantee that the short positions will completely eliminate the interest rate risk of the long investment grade bond positions. The hedge cannot fully account for changes in the shape of the Treasury interest rate (yield) curve. There can be no assurance that the Fund's hedging strategy will reduce risk or that hedging transactions will be either available or cost effective.

When interest rates fall, an unhedged investment in the same investment grade bonds will outperform the Fund. Performance of the Fund could be particularly poor if investment grade credit deteriorates at the same time that Treasury interest rates fall. Furthermore, when interest rates remain unchanged, an investment in the Fund will underperform a long-only investment in the same investment grade bonds due to the ongoing costs associated with short exposure to Treasury securities.

There is no guarantee the Fund will have positive returns, even in environments of sharply rising Treasury interest rates in which the Fund's short positions might be expected to mitigate the effects of such rises.

***High Portfolio Turnover Risk***

A higher portfolio turnover may enhance returns by capturing and holding portfolio gains. However, it also may result in correspondingly greater brokerage commission expenses and may result in the distribution to shareholders of additional dividends and capital gains for tax purposes. High portfolio turnover could result in the payment by the Fund's shareholders of increased taxes on realized gains. These factors may negatively affect the Fund's performance. The Fund's portfolio turnover may exceed 100%.

***High Yield Securities Risk***

Securities that are rated below investment grade (*i.e.*, "junk bonds") are subject to additional risk factors due to the speculative nature of the securities, such as increased possibility of default liquidation of the security, and changes in value based on public perception of the issuer. High yield securities are considered predominantly speculative with respect to an issuer's continuing ability to make principal and interest payments, and may be more volatile than other types of securities. In addition, the market for high yield securities is generally less active than the market for higher quality securities. As a result, an economic downturn or individual corporate developments could adversely affect the market for these securities and reduce the Fund's ability to sell these securities at an advantageous time or price. An economic downturn would also generally lead to a higher non-payment rate and, a high yield security may lose significant market value before a default occurs.

***Interest Rate Risk***

Interest rate changes may affect the value of a debt instrument indirectly (especially in the case of fixed rate debt securities) and directly (especially in the case of instruments whose rates are adjustable). When interest rates increase, fixed income securities generally will decline in value and, as a result, an increase in interest rates may result in a decrease in the value of debt securities held by the Fund. Conversely, as interest rates decrease, the prices of fixed income securities tend to increase. Additionally, there may be less governmental action in the near future to maintain low interest rates, or governmental actions will be less effective in maintaining low interest rates. The negative impact on fixed income securities from the resulting rate increases for that and other reasons could be swift and significant, including falling market values, reduced liquidity, and valuation difficulties.

***Leverage Risk***

The Fund may make investments in options on futures, including U.S. Treasury futures, and other derivative instruments. These derivatives instruments provide the economic effect of financial leverage by creating additional investment exposure, as well as the potential for greater loss. If the Fund uses leverage through entering into short sales or purchasing derivative instruments, the Fund has the risk of losing more than its original investment. The net asset value of the Fund employing leverage will be more volatile and sensitive to market movements. The use of leverage may cause the Fund to liquidate portfolio positions when it would not be advantageous to do so in order to satisfy its obligations. The use of leverage may also cause the Fund to have higher expenses than those of funds that do not use such techniques.

### ***LIBOR Transition Risk***

The Fund may invest in fixed rate or floating rate securities which reset their interest rate periodically over a base rate, with rates tied to a representative interest rate index, typically 3-month LIBOR. LIBOR is expected to be phased out by the end of 2021. While the effect of the transition cannot yet be determined, moving to a new benchmark may result in, among other things, increased volatility or illiquidity in markets for instruments based on LIBOR and changes in the value of such instruments. Multiple financial industry groups have begun planning for the transition away from LIBOR, but there are obstacles to converting that could affect the functioning, liquidity and value of instruments that reference LIBOR.

### ***Management Risk***

Management risk describes the Fund's ability to meet its investment objective based on the Adviser's success or failure to implement investment strategies for the Fund. The value of your investment in the Fund is subject to the investment strategies used by the Adviser in selecting investments, including the ability of the Adviser to assess economic conditions and investment opportunities, and may not result in an increase in the value of your investment or in overall performance equal to other investments. Management risk includes the risk that poor security selection may cause the Fund to underperform relative to other funds with similar investment objectives, or that the timing of movements from one type of security to another could have a negative effect on the overall investment performance of the Fund. If the Adviser's investment strategies do not produce the expected results, your investment could be diminished or even lost.

### ***Market Risk***

The Fund is subject to market risk, which is the risk that the markets on which the Fund's investments trade will increase or decrease in value. Market risk applies to every Fund investment. Prices may fluctuate widely over short or extended periods in response to company, market or economic news. Securities may also decline in value due to factors affecting securities markets generally, such as real or perceived adverse economic, political or regulatory conditions, inflation, changes in interest or currency rates or adverse investor sentiment, or due to factors affecting particular industries represented in the securities markets, such as competitive conditions. Local, regional, or global events such as war, acts of terrorism, the spread of infectious illness or other public health issues, recessions, or other events could have a significant impact on the securities markets and on specific securities. Markets also tend to move in cycles, with periods of rising and falling prices. If there is a general decline in the securities and other markets, your investment in the Fund may lose value, regardless of the individual results of the securities and other instruments in which the Fund invests.

### ***Municipal Securities Risk***

The Fund may have a portion of its assets invested in various municipal securities that depend on the ability of the municipalities to continue to meet their obligations for the payment of interest and principal when due. Municipal issuers may be adversely affected by rising health care costs, increasing unfunded pension liabilities, and by the phasing out of federal programs providing financial support. Unfavorable conditions and developments relating to projects financed with municipal securities can result in lower revenues to issuers of municipal securities. Issuers often depend on revenues from these projects to make principal and interest payments. Any adverse economic conditions or developments affecting the states or municipalities that issue the municipal securities in which the Fund invests could negatively impact the Fund.

### ***Payment-in-kind Securities Risk***

Investing in payment-in-kind securities may involve the risk that interest payments deferred are subject to the risk that the borrower may default when deferred payments are due in cash at maturity of loan; interest rates on payment-in-kind loans are higher to reflect the time value of money on the deferred interest payments and higher credit risk of borrowers who may need to defer interest payments; payment-in-kind securities may have unreliable valuations because the accruals require judgment about the ultimate collectability of the deferred payment and the value of the associated collateral; and, the required recognition of payment-in-kind interest for U.S. federal income tax purposes may have a negative impact on liquidity because it represents a non-cash component of the Fund's taxable income that must nevertheless be distributed in cash to investors to avoid it being subject to corporate level taxation.

### ***Preferred Stock Risk***

Preferred stock combines some of the characteristics of both common stocks and bonds. Preferred stock is typically subordinated to bonds and other debt instruments in a company's capital structure in terms of priority to corporate income and, therefore, will be subject to greater credit risk than those debt instruments. In addition, dividends are not guaranteed and the stock may be callable and subject to market risk.

### ***Prepayment and Extension Risk***

When interest rates fall, issuers of high interest debt obligations may pay off the debts earlier than expected (prepayment risk), and the Fund may have to reinvest the proceeds at lower yields. When interest rates rise, issuers of lower interest debt obligations may pay off the debts later than expected (extension risk), thus keeping the Fund's assets tied up in lower interest debt obligations.

### ***Recent Market Events Risk***

Periods of market volatility may occur in response to pandemics or other events outside of our control. These types of events could adversely affect the Fund's performance. For example, since December 2019, a novel strain of coronavirus (COVID-19) has spread globally, which has resulted in the temporary closure of many corporate offices, retail stores, manufacturing facilities and factories, and other businesses across the world. As the extent of the impact on global markets from COVID-19 is difficult to predict, the extent to which COVID-19 may negatively affect the Fund's performance or the duration of any potential business disruption is uncertain. Any potential impact on performance will depend to a large extent on future developments and new information that may emerge regarding the duration and severity of COVID-19 and the actions taken by authorities and other entities to contain COVID-19 or treat its impact.

### ***Securities Lending Risk***

There are certain risks associated with securities lending, including the risk that the borrower may fail to return the securities on a timely basis or even the loss of rights in the collateral deposited by the borrower, if the borrower should fail financially. As a result, the Fund may lose money. The Fund could also lose money in the event of a decline in the value of collateral provided for loaned securities or a decline in the value of any investments made with cash collateral. These events could also trigger adverse tax consequences for the Fund.

### ***Short Sale Risk***

Short sales involve selling a security the Fund does not own in anticipation that the security's price will decline. To complete the transaction, the Fund must borrow the security to make delivery to the buyer. The Fund is then obligated to replace the security borrowed by purchasing the security at the market price at the time of replacement. The price at such time may be higher or lower than the price at which the security was sold by the Fund. If the underlying security goes up in price during the period during which the short position is outstanding, the Fund will realize a loss on the transaction. Any loss will be increased by the amount of compensation, interest or dividends and transaction costs the Fund must pay to a lender of the security. Short sales, at least theoretically, present unlimited loss on an individual security basis, since the Fund may be required to buy the security sold short at a time when the security has appreciated in value. Because the Fund may invest the proceeds of a short sale, another effect of short selling on the Fund is similar to the effect of leverage, in that it amplifies changes in the Fund's NAV since it increases the exposure of the Fund to the market and may increase losses and the volatility of returns. In addition, short positions typically also involve increased illiquid investment risk and the risk that the third party to the short sale may fail to honor its contract terms.

### ***U.S. Government Securities Risk***

U.S. government securities, which may be backed by the U.S. Department of the Treasury or the full faith and credit of the U.S., and may include U.S. Treasury bills, Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities, notes and bonds, are guaranteed only as to the timely payment of interest and principal when held to maturity. The market prices for such securities are not guaranteed and will fluctuate. Certain U.S. government agency securities are backed by the right of the issuer to borrow from the U.S. Department of the Treasury, or are supported only by the credit of the issuing agency or instrumentality, and in some cases there may be some risk of default by the issuer. Default by the issuer means the maximum potential liability of the issuers of some U.S. government securities may greatly



exceed their current resources, including their legal right to support from the U.S. Treasury. It is possible that these issuers will not have the funds to meet their payment obligations in the future.

## **DISCLOSURE OF PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS**

A complete description of the Fund's policies and procedures with respect to the disclosure of the Fund's portfolio holdings is available in the Fund's Statement of Additional Information ("SAI").

## **MANAGEMENT OF THE FUND**

### **Investment Adviser**

The Fund's investment adviser, Bramshill Investments, LLC, is located at 4850 Tamiami Trail North, Suite 301, Naples, Florida 34103. The Adviser is an SEC-registered investment advisory firm formed in 2012. As of May 31, 2021, the Adviser had assets under management of approximately \$4 billion.

The Adviser is responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund in accordance with the Fund's investment objective and policies. The Adviser also furnishes the Fund with office space and certain administrative services and provides most of the personnel needed to fulfill its obligations under its advisory agreement. For its services, the Fund pays the Adviser a monthly management fee that is calculated at the annual rate of 0.85% of the Fund's average daily net assets. For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2021, the Adviser received an aggregate fee of 0.85% of average net assets.

The Adviser has contractually agreed to waive a portion or all of its management fees and pay Fund expenses (excluding taxes, leverage interest, brokerage commissions, acquired fund fees and expenses, portfolio transaction expenses, interest expense and dividends paid on short sales or extraordinary expenses) in order to limit the Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses to 1.10% and 1.35% of average daily net assets of the Fund's Institutional Class and Investor Class shares, respectively. This arrangement is in effect through at least July 31, 2022. After that time, the arrangement may be terminated or amended at any time by the Trust for Advised Portfolios (the "Trust") Board of Trustees (the "Board") upon 60 days' notice to the Adviser or by the Adviser with the consent of the Board. The Adviser may be permitted to recapture amounts waived and/or reimbursed to a class within three years after the Adviser waived the fee or incurred the expense if the class' total annual operating expenses have fallen to a level below the limits described above. In no case will the Adviser recapture any amount that would result, on any particular business day of the Fund, in the class' total annual operating expenses exceeding the lower of: (1) the applicable expense cap at the time of the waiver and/or reimbursement; or (2) the applicable expense cap at the time of the recapture.

A discussion regarding the basis of the Trust's Board's approval of the Investment Advisory Agreement is available in the Fund's semi-annual report for the reporting period ended September 30, 2020.

### **Portfolio Managers**

Art DeGaetano is a Principal of Bramshill Investments. Before starting Bramshill in May of 2012, Mr. DeGaetano was a Senior Portfolio Manager at GLG Partners from 2007. Prior to GLG Partners, he traded at RBS Greenwich Capital where he was a Managing Director and Head of Credit Trading for two years. Prior to RBS, he traded for 12 years for Bear Stearns and was a Senior Managing Director and Head Trader on the high yield desk. Mr. DeGaetano has a B.A. from Colgate University. Mr. DeGaetano has been the primary portfolio manager for the Bramshill Income Performance strategy since its inception in April 2016.

Derek Pines is a Portfolio Manager and Analyst at Bramshill Investments. Prior to joining Bramshill Investments in 2012, Mr. Pines spent 10 years as a Proprietary Trader and Portfolio Manager specializing in quantitative strategies across a variety of asset classes, the bulk of that time with Assent (Sungard Financial) and most recently Chimera Securities. He also spent a year with Accenture in their Core Trading Services Group. Mr. Pines holds a Masters Graduate Certificate in Algorithmic Trading from Stevens University. Mr. Pines graduated cum laude with a B.S. in finance from Georgetown University.

Michael Hirschfield, CFA, is an Analyst and Portfolio Manager at Bramshill Investments. Prior to joining Bramshill in 2018, Mr. Hirschfield served over 9 years as Portfolio Manager for Man Group. He ran the US Credit portfolio for a multi-strategy credit fund. Mr. Hirschfield also worked alongside Bramshill founder, Mr. Art DeGaetano, during their tenures together at GLG Partners. Mr. Hirschfield became a CFA charterholder in 2007. He received his B.A. in Economics in 2003 from Yale University.

The SAI provides additional information about the portfolio managers' compensation, other accounts managed by the portfolio managers and their ownership of securities in the Fund.

### **The Adviser's Prior Performance**

The performance information shown below represents a composite of the prior performance of all discretionary accounts managed by the portfolio managers with substantially similar investment objectives, policies and strategies as the Fund (the "Composite"). The Adviser maintains all performance records for the Composite.

The Composite's historical performance is provided to illustrate the past performance of the Adviser's income performance strategy as measured against the Bloomberg Barclays Capital U.S. Aggregate Bond Index and does not represent the performance of the Fund and is not an indication of future performance of the Fund. Mr. DeGaetano has at all times held primary authority for making investment decisions on behalf of the Composite since inception at GLG Partners in 2009, as well as for the Fund since its inception.

All returns are presented both before (gross) and after (net) the deduction of all fees and expenses, including investment advisory fees, brokerage commissions and execution costs paid by the accounts of the Adviser without provision for federal or state income taxes. The Composite does not reflect any sales loads or placement fees, as such fees are not assessed on these accounts. The Composite reflects the highest management fees charged to any account during the performance period.

The discretionary accounts for which results are reported are not registered investment companies and were not subject to the same types of expenses as the Fund or to certain investment limitations, diversification requirements, and other restrictions imposed on the Fund by the Investment Company Act of 1940 ("1940 Act") and the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Internal Revenue Code"), which, if applicable, may have adversely affected the performance results of the Composite.

In addition, the operating expenses incurred by the accounts were generally lower than the operating expenses of the Fund. Had the accounts been subject to the Fund's expense structure, the performance of the Composite would have been lower.

**The performance data below is for the Composite and is not the performance results of the Bramshill Income Performance Fund. You should not consider this performance data to be an indication of future performance of the Fund.**

<b>Period</b>	<b>Bramshill Income Performance Composite (Net)</b>	<b>Bramshill Income Performance Composite (Gross)</b>	<b>Bloomberg Barclays Capital U.S. Aggregate Bond Index<sup>(1)</sup></b>
One Year Ending 12/31/2020	7.00%	7.88%	7.51%
Three Years Ending 12/31/2020	5.80%	6.64%	5.33%
Five Years Ending 12/31/2020	5.27%	6.11%	4.43%
Since Inception 1/1/2009 Ending 12/31/2020	7.13%	7.70%	4.23%

<sup>(1)</sup> The Bloomberg Barclays Capital U.S. Aggregate Bond Index is a market weighted index of government, corporate, mortgage-backed and asset-backed fixed-rate debt securities of all maturities. You cannot invest directly in an index.

## SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

### Pricing of Fund Shares

Shares of the Fund are sold at NAV per share, which is calculated as of the close of regular trading (generally 4:00 p.m., Eastern Time) on each day that the New York Stock Exchange (“NYSE”) is open for unrestricted business. However, the Fund’s NAV may be calculated earlier if trading on the NYSE is restricted or as permitted by the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”). The NYSE is closed on weekends and most national holidays, including New Year’s Day, Martin Luther King, Jr. Day, Washington’s Birthday/Presidents’ Day, Good Friday, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day. The NAV will not be calculated on days when the NYSE is closed for trading.

Purchase and redemption requests are priced based on the next NAV per share calculated after receipt of such requests. The NAV is the value of the Fund’s securities, cash and other assets, minus all expenses and liabilities (assets – liabilities = NAV). NAV per share is determined by dividing NAV by the number of shares outstanding (NAV/ # of shares = NAV per share). The NAV takes into account the expenses and fees of the Fund, including management and administration fees, which are accrued daily.

In calculating the NAV, portfolio securities are valued using current market values or official closing prices, if available. Each security owned by the Fund that is listed on a securities exchange is valued at its last sale price on that exchange on the date as of which assets are valued. Where the security is listed on more than one exchange, the Fund will use the price of the exchange that the Fund generally considers to be the principal exchange on which the security is traded.

When reliable market quotations are not readily available or the Fund’s pricing service does not provide a valuation (or provides a valuation that in the judgment of the Adviser to the Fund does not represent the security’s fair value) or when, in the judgment of the Adviser, events have rendered the market value unreliable, a security or other asset is valued at its fair value as determined under procedures approved by the Board. Valuing securities at fair value is intended to ensure that the Fund is accurately priced and involves reliance on judgment. Fair value determinations are made in good faith in accordance with the procedures adopted by the Board. The Board will regularly evaluate whether the Fund’s fair valuation pricing procedures continue to be appropriate in light of the specific circumstances of the Fund and the quality of prices obtained through their application by the Trust’s valuation committee. There can be no assurance that the Fund will obtain the fair value assigned to a security if it were to sell the security at approximately the time at which the Fund determines its NAV per share.

Fair value pricing may be applied to non-U.S. securities. The trading hours for most non-U.S. securities end prior to the close of the NYSE, the time that the Fund’s NAV is calculated. The occurrence of certain events after the close of non-U.S. markets, but prior to the close of the NYSE (such as a significant surge or decline in the U.S. market) often will result in an adjustment to the trading prices of non-U.S. securities when non-U.S. markets open on the following business day. If such events occur, the Fund may value non-U.S. securities at fair value, taking into account such events, when it calculates its NAV. In such cases, use of fair valuation can reduce an investor’s ability to seek to profit by estimating the Fund’s NAV per share in advance of the time the NAV per share is calculated.

Other types of securities that the Fund may hold for which fair value pricing might be required include, but are not limited to: (a) investments which are not frequently traded and/or the market price of which the Adviser believes may be stale; (b) illiquid securities, including “restricted” securities and private placements for which there is no public market; (c) securities of an issuer that has entered into a restructuring; (d) securities whose trading has been halted or suspended; and (e) fixed income securities that have gone into default and for which there is not a current market value quotation.

If the Fund has portfolio securities that are primarily listed on foreign exchanges that trade on weekends or other days when the Fund does not price its shares, the NAV of the Fund’s shares may change on days when shareholders will not be able to purchase or redeem the Fund’s shares.

## How to Buy Shares

The minimum initial investment amount for the Institutional Class shares is \$100,000 and the minimum subsequent investment amount is \$5,000. The minimum initial investment amount for the Investor Class shares is \$1,000 and the minimum subsequent investment amount is \$100.

Although not limited to the list below, the Fund's minimum investment requirements may be waived from time to time by the Adviser, and for the following types of shareholders:

- current and retired employees, directors/trustees and officers of the Trust, the Adviser and its affiliates and certain family members of each of them (*i.e.*, spouse, domestic partner, child, parent, sibling, grandchild and grandparent, in each case including in-law, step and adoptive relationships);
- any trust, pension, profit sharing or other benefit plan for current and retired employees, directors/trustees and officers of the Adviser and its affiliates;
- current employees of U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC (doing business as U.S. Bank Global Fund Services) (the "Transfer Agent"), broker-dealers who act as selling agents for the Fund, intermediaries that have marketing agreements in place with the Adviser and the immediate family members of any of them;
- existing clients of the Adviser, their employees and immediate family members of such employees;
- registered investment advisers who buy through a broker-dealer or service agent who has entered into an agreement with Quasar Distributors, LLC ("Quasar" or the "Distributor"), the Fund's distributor; and
- qualified broker-dealers who have entered into an agreement with the Distributor.

You may purchase shares of the Fund by check, by wire transfer, via electronic funds transfer through the Automated Clearing House ("ACH") network through an authorized bank or through one or more brokers authorized by the Fund to receive purchase orders. If you have any questions or need further information about how to purchase shares of the Fund, you may call a customer service representative of the Fund toll-free at 877-BRAMS18 or 877-272-6718. The Fund reserves the right to reject any purchase order. For example, a purchase order may be refused if, in the Adviser's opinion, it is so large that it would disrupt the management of the Fund. Orders may also be rejected from persons believed by the Fund to be "market timers." If the Fund were to reject a purchase order, notification would likely occur no later than the next business day after receipt of order.

All checks must be in U.S. dollars drawn on a domestic U.S. bank. The Fund will not accept payment in cash or money orders. The Fund does not accept postdated checks or any conditional order or payment. To prevent check fraud, the Fund will not accept third party checks, Treasury checks, credit card checks, traveler's checks or starter checks for the purchase of shares.

To buy shares of the Fund, complete an account application and send it together with your check for the amount you wish to invest in the Fund to the address below. To make additional investments once you have opened your account, write your account number on the check and send it together with the Invest by Mail form from your most recent confirmation statement received from the Transfer Agent. If you do not have the Invest by Mail form include the Fund name, your name, address, and account number on a separate piece of paper along with your check. If your payment is returned for any reason, your purchase will be canceled and a \$25 fee will be assessed against your account by the Transfer Agent. You may also be responsible for any loss sustained by the Fund.

All purchase requests must be received in "good order" which generally means that your purchase request includes the name of the Fund; the dollar amount of shares to be purchased; your account application or investment stub; and a check payable to the Fund.

In addition to cash purchases, Fund shares may be purchased by tendering payment in-kind in the form of shares of stock, bonds or other securities. Any securities used to buy Fund shares must be readily marketable, their acquisition consistent with the Fund's objective and otherwise acceptable to the Adviser and the Board. For further information, you may call a customer service representative of the Fund toll-free at 877-BRAMS18 or 877-272-6718.

In compliance with the USA PATRIOT Act of 2001, please note that the Transfer Agent will verify certain information on your account application as part of the Trust's Anti-Money Laundering Program. As requested on

the account application, you must supply your full name, date of birth, social security number and permanent street address. If you are opening the account in the name of a legal entity (*e.g.*, partnership, limited liability company, business trust, corporation, etc.), you should also supply the identity of the beneficial owners. Mailing addresses containing only a P. O. Box will not be accepted. Please contact the Transfer Agent at 877-BRAMS18 or 877-272-6718 if you need additional assistance when completing your account application.

If the Transfer Agent does not have a reasonable belief of the identity of an investor, the account application will be rejected or the investor will not be allowed to perform a transaction on the account until such information is received. In the rare event that the Transfer Agent is unable to verify your identity, the Fund reserves the right to redeem your account at the current day's net asset value.

Shares of the Fund have not been registered for sale outside of the United States. The Adviser generally does not sell shares to investors residing outside of the United States, even if they are United States citizens or lawful permanent residents, except to investors with United States military APO or FPO addresses. The Fund reserves the right to refuse purchases from shareholders who must file a Form W-8.

### **Purchasing Shares by Mail**

Please complete the account application and mail it with your check, payable to the Bramshill Income Performance Fund to the Transfer Agent at the following address:

#### **Regular Mail**

Bramshill Income Performance Fund  
c/o U.S. Bank Global Fund Services  
P.O. Box 701  
Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53201-0701

You may not send an account application via overnight delivery to a United States Postal Service post office box. If you wish to use an overnight delivery service, send your account application and check to the Transfer Agent at the following address:

#### **Overnight Express Mail**

Bramshill Income Performance Fund  
c/o U.S. Bank Global Fund Services  
615 East Michigan Street, 3<sup>rd</sup> Floor  
Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202

**NOTE:** The Fund does not consider the U.S. Postal Service or other independent delivery services to be its agents. Therefore, a deposit in the mail or with such services, or receipt at U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC post office box, of purchase orders or redemption requests does not constitute receipt by the Transfer Agent. Receipt constitutes physical possession of the purchase order or redemption request by the Transfer Agent.

### **Purchasing Shares by Telephone**

If you did not decline telephone options on your account application or by subsequent arrangement in writing with the Fund and your account has been open for at least seven business days, you may purchase additional shares by calling the Fund toll-free at 877-BRAMS18 or 877-272-6718. You may not make your initial purchase of the Fund shares by telephone. Telephone orders will be accepted via electronic funds transfer from your pre-designated bank account through the ACH network. You must have banking information established on your account prior to making a telephone purchase. Only bank accounts held at domestic institutions that are ACH members may be used for telephone transactions. If your order is received prior to 4:00 p.m., Eastern Time, shares will be purchased at the appropriate share price next calculated. For security reasons, requests by telephone may be recorded. Once a telephone transaction has been placed, it cannot be cancelled or modified after the close of regular trading on the NYSE (generally, 4:00 p.m., Eastern Time).

### **Purchasing Shares by Wire**

If you are making your initial investment in the Fund, before wiring funds, the Transfer Agent must have a completed account application. You can mail or overnight deliver your account application to the Transfer Agent at the above address. Upon receipt of your completed account application, your account will be established and a service representative will contact you to provide your new account number and wiring instructions. If you do not receive this information within one business day, contact the Transfer Agent. You may then instruct your bank to send the wire. Prior to sending the wire, please call the Fund at 877-BRAMS18 or 877-272-6718 to advise them of the wire and to ensure proper credit upon receipt. Your bank must include the name of the Fund, your name and your account number so that monies can be correctly applied. Your bank should transmit immediately available funds by wire to:

U.S. Bank National Association  
777 East Wisconsin Avenue  
Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202  
ABA No. 075000022  
Credit: U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC  
Account No. 112-952-137  
Further Credit: Bramshill Income Performance Fund  
Shareholder Registration  
Shareholder Account Number

If you are making a subsequent purchase, your bank should wire funds as indicated above. Before each wire purchase, you should be sure to notify the Transfer Agent. *It is essential that your bank include complete information about your account in all wire transactions.* If you have questions about how to invest by wire, you may call the Transfer Agent at 877-BRAMS18 or 877-272-6718. Your bank may charge you a fee for sending a wire payment to the Fund.

Wired funds must be received prior to 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time to be eligible for same day pricing. Neither the Fund nor U.S. Bank National Association. are responsible for the consequences of delays resulting from the banking or Federal Reserve wire system or from incomplete wiring instructions.

### **Automatic Investment Plan**

Once your account has been opened with the initial minimum investment, you may make additional purchases of Investor Class shares at regular intervals through the Automatic Investment Plan (“AIP”). The AIP is not available for Institutional Class shares. The AIP provides a convenient method to have monies deducted from your bank account, for investment into the Fund, on a monthly basis. In order to participate in the AIP, each purchase must be in the amount of \$100 or more for the Investor Class, and your financial institution must be a member of the ACH network. If your bank rejects your payment, the Transfer Agent will charge a \$25 fee to your account. To begin participating in the AIP, please complete the Automatic Investment Plan section on the account application or call the Transfer Agent at 877-BRAMS18 or 877-272-6718 if you have questions about the Plan. Any request to change or terminate your AIP should be submitted to the Transfer Agent at least five calendar days prior to the automatic investment date.

### **Retirement Accounts**

The Fund offers prototype documents for a variety of retirement accounts for individuals and small businesses. Please call 877-BRAMS18 or 877-272-6718 for information on:

- Individual Retirement Plans, including Traditional IRAs and Roth IRAs.
- Small Business Retirement Plans, including Simple IRAs and SEP IRAs.

There may be special distribution requirements for a retirement account, such as required distributions or mandatory federal income tax withholdings. For more information, call the number listed above. Direct shareholder accounts may be charged a \$15 annual account maintenance fee for each retirement account up to a maximum of \$30 annually and a \$25 fee for transferring assets to another custodian or for closing a retirement account. Fees charged by other institutions may vary.

### **Purchasing and Selling Shares through a Broker**

You may buy and sell shares of the Fund through certain brokers and financial intermediaries (and their agents) (collectively, “Brokers”) that have made arrangements with the Fund to sell its shares. When you place your order with such a Broker, your order is treated as if you had placed it directly with the Transfer Agent, and you will pay or receive the next applicable price calculated by the Fund. The Fund will be deemed to have received a purchase or redemption order when an authorized broker, or, if applicable, a broker’s designee receives the order. The Broker holds your shares in an omnibus account in the Broker’s name, and the Broker maintains your individual ownership records. The Adviser may pay the Broker for maintaining these records as well as providing other shareholder services. The Broker may charge you a fee for handling your order. The Broker is responsible for processing your order correctly and promptly, keeping you advised regarding the status of your individual account, confirming your transactions and ensuring that you receive copies of the Fund’s Prospectus.

### **How to Sell Shares**

You may sell (redeem) your Fund shares on any day the Fund and the NYSE are open for business either directly to the Fund or through your financial intermediary.

### **In Writing**

You may redeem your shares by simply sending a written request to the Transfer Agent. You should provide your account number and state whether you want all or some of your shares redeemed. The letter should be signed by all of the shareholders whose names appear on the account registration and include a signature guarantee(s), if necessary. If you have an IRA or other retirement plan, you must indicate on your written redemption request whether or not to withhold federal income tax. Redemption requests failing to indicate an election to have tax withheld will be subject to 10% withholding. You should send your redemption request to:

#### **Regular Mail**

Bramshill Income Performance Fund  
c/o U.S. Bank Global Fund Services  
P.O. Box 701  
Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53201-0701

#### **Overnight Express Mail**

Bramshill Income Performance Fund  
c/o U.S. Bank Global Fund Services  
615 East Michigan Street, 3<sup>rd</sup> Floor  
Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202

**NOTE:** The Fund does not consider the U.S. Postal Service or other independent delivery services to be its agents. Therefore, a deposit in the mail or with such services, or receipt at U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC post office box, of purchase orders or redemption requests does not constitute receipt by the Transfer Agent. Receipt constitutes physical possession of the purchase order or redemption request by the Transfer Agent.

### **By Telephone**

If you did not decline telephone options on your account application, you may redeem all or some of your shares, up to \$50,000, by calling the Transfer Agent at 877-BRAMS18 or 877-272-6718 before the close of trading on the NYSE. This is normally 4:00 p.m., Eastern Time. Redemption proceeds will be sent to the address that appears on the Transfer Agent’s records or via ACH to a previously established bank account. If you request, redemption proceeds will be wired on the next business day to your designated bank account. A wire fee of \$15 will be deducted from your redemption proceeds in the case of complete redemption or the redemption of a specific number of shares. In the case of a partial redemption, the fee will be deducted from the remaining account balance. Telephone redemptions cannot be made if you notified the Transfer Agent of a change of address within 15 calendar days before the redemption request.

Shares held in IRA or other retirement accounts may be redeemed by telephone at 877-BRAMS18 or 877-272-6718. Investors will be asked whether or not to withhold taxes from any distribution.

You may request telephone redemption privileges after your account is opened by calling the Transfer Agent at 877-BRAMS18 or 877-272-6718 for instructions.

You may encounter higher than usual call wait times during periods of high market activity. Please allow sufficient time to ensure that you will be able to complete your telephone transaction prior to market close. If you are unable to contact the Fund by telephone, you may mail your redemption request in writing to the address noted above. Once a telephone transaction has been accepted, it may not be canceled or modified after the close of regular trading on the NYSE (generally, 4:00 p.m., Eastern Time).

### **Payment of Redemption Proceeds**

The Fund typically sends the redemption proceeds on the next business day (a day when the NYSE is open for normal business) after the redemption request is received in good order and prior to market close, regardless of whether the redemption proceeds are sent via check, wire, or ACH transfer. While not expected, payment of redemption proceeds may take up to seven days. If you did not purchase your shares with a wire payment, before selling recently purchased shares, please note that if the Transfer Agent has not yet collected payment for the shares you are selling, it may delay sending the proceeds until the payment is collected, which may take up to 15 calendar days from the purchase date.

### **Redemption “In-Kind”**

The Fund typically expects to meet redemption requests by paying out proceeds from cash or cash equivalent portfolio holdings, or by selling portfolio holdings. In stressed market conditions, redemption methods may include paying redemption proceeds to you in whole or in part by a distribution of securities from the Fund’s portfolio (a “redemption in-kind”). It is not expected that the Fund would do so except during unusual market conditions. The redemption in-kind would be a pro-rata distribution of portfolio assets. If the Fund pays your redemption proceeds by a distribution of securities, you could incur brokerage or other charges in converting the securities to cash and will bear any market risks associated with such securities until they are converted into cash. A redemption in-kind is treated as a taxable transaction and a sale of the redeemed shares, generally resulting in capital gain or loss to you, subject to certain loss limitation rules. If the Fund held illiquid securities, such distribution may contain a pro rata portion of such illiquid securities or the Fund may determine, based on a materiality assessment, not to include illiquid securities in the in-kind redemption. If such securities are included in the distribution, shareholders may not be able to liquidate such securities and may be required to hold such securities indefinitely.

### **Signature Guarantees**

Signature guarantees will generally be accepted from domestic banks, brokers, dealers, credit unions, national securities exchanges, registered securities associations, clearing agencies and savings associations, as well as from participants in the New York Stock Exchange Medallion Signature Program and the Securities Transfer Agents Medallion Program. *A notary public is not an acceptable signature guarantor.*

A signature guarantee from either a Medallion program member or a non-Medallion program member is required in the following situations:

- If ownership is changed on your account;
- When redemption proceeds are payable or sent to any person, address or bank account not on record;
- When a redemption request is received by the Transfer Agent and the account address has changed within the last 15 calendar days; and
- For all redemptions in excess of \$50,000 from any shareholder account, including IRAs.

The Fund may waive any of the above requirements in certain instances. In addition to the situations described above, the Fund and /or the Transfer Agent reserve the right to require a signature guarantee in other instances based on the circumstances relative to the particular situation.

Non-financial transactions, including establishing or modifying certain services on an account, may require a signature guarantee, signature verification from a Signature Validation Program member, or other acceptable form of authentication from a financial institution source.

### **Other Information about Redemptions**

The Fund may redeem the shares in your account if the value of your account falls below the minimum initial investment amount as a result of redemptions you have made. This does not apply to retirement plan or Uniform



Gifts or Transfers to Minors Act accounts. You will be notified that the value of your account is less than the minimum initial investment amount before the Fund makes an involuntary redemption. You will then have 30 calendar days in which to make an additional investment to bring the value of your account to at least \$500 before the Fund takes any action.

### **DIVIDENDS AND DISTRIBUTIONS**

The Fund will make distributions of dividends, if any, at least monthly, and of capital gains, if any, annually, typically in December. The Fund may make an additional payment of dividends or distributions of capital gains if it deems it necessary for federal income tax purposes or otherwise desirable at any other time of the year.

All distributions will be reinvested in Fund shares unless you choose one of the following options: (1) receive dividends in cash while reinvesting capital gain distributions in additional Fund shares; (2) reinvest dividends in additional Fund shares and receive capital gains in cash; or (3) receive all distributions in cash.

If you elect to receive distributions in cash and the U.S. Postal Service cannot deliver the check, or if a check remains outstanding for six months, the Fund reserves the right to reinvest the distribution check in your account, at the Fund's current NAV per share, and to reinvest all subsequent distributions. If you wish to change your distribution option, notify the Transfer Agent in writing or by telephone at least 5 days prior to the payment date for the distribution.

### **TOOLS TO COMBAT FREQUENT TRANSACTIONS**

The Board has adopted policies and procedures to prevent frequent transactions in the Fund. The Fund discourages excessive, short-term trading and other abusive trading practices that may disrupt portfolio management strategies and harm the Fund's performance. The Fund takes steps to reduce the frequency and effect of these activities in the Fund. These steps include monitoring trading practices and using fair value pricing. Although these efforts are designed to discourage abusive trading practices, these tools cannot eliminate the possibility that such activity may occur. Further, while the Fund makes efforts to identify and restrict frequent trading, the Fund receives purchase and sale orders through financial intermediaries and cannot always know or detect frequent trading that may be facilitated by the use of intermediaries or the use of group or omnibus accounts by those intermediaries. The Fund seeks to exercise its judgment in implementing these tools to the best of its abilities in a manner that the Fund believes is consistent with shareholder interests.

The Fund monitors selected trades in an effort to detect excessive short-term trading activities. If, as a result of this monitoring, the Fund believes that a shareholder has engaged in excessive short-term trading, it may, in its discretion, ask the shareholder to stop such activities or refuse to process purchases in the shareholder's accounts. In making such judgments, the Fund seeks to act in a manner that it believes is consistent with the best interests of shareholders. Due to the complexity and subjectivity involved in identifying abusive trading activity and the volume of shareholder transactions the Fund handles, there can be no assurance that the Fund's efforts will identify all trades or trading practices that may be considered abusive. In addition, the Fund's ability to monitor trades that are placed by individual shareholders within group or omnibus accounts maintained by financial intermediaries is limited because the Fund does not have simultaneous access to the underlying shareholder account information.

In compliance with Rule 22c-2 under the 1940 Act, the Distributor, on behalf of the Fund, has entered into written agreements with each of the Fund's financial intermediaries, under which the intermediary must, upon request, provide the Fund with certain shareholder and identity trading information so that the Fund can enforce its market timing policies.

The Fund employs fair value pricing selectively, as discussed above, to ensure greater accuracy in its daily NAV and to prevent dilution by frequent traders or market timers who seek to take advantage of temporary market anomalies.

## TAX CONSEQUENCES

Below are some important U.S. federal income tax issues that affect the Fund and its shareholders. The following summary is very general, applies only to shareholders who are U.S. persons, and does not address shareholders subject to special rules, such as those who hold Fund shares through an IRA, 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged account. Except as specifically noted, the discussion is limited to federal income tax matters and does not address state, local, foreign or non-income taxes. Further information regarding taxes, including certain federal income tax considerations relevant to non-U.S. persons, is included in the SAI. Because each shareholder's circumstances are different and special tax rules may apply, you should consult your tax adviser about federal, state, local and/or foreign tax considerations that may be relevant to your particular situation. The summary is based on current tax law, which may be changed by legislative, judicial or administrative action.

The Fund has elected and intends to qualify each year for treatment as a regulated investment company (a "RIC") within the meaning of Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code. If it meets certain minimum distribution requirements, a RIC is not subject to tax at the fund level on income and gains from investments that are timely distributed to shareholders. However, the Fund's failure to qualify as a RIC or to meet minimum distribution requirements would result (if certain relief provisions were not available) in fund-level taxation and, consequently, a reduction in income available for distribution to shareholders.

The Fund will make distributions of dividends, if any, at least monthly, and of capital gains, if any, annually, typically in December. Dividends of net investment income and distributions from the Fund's net short-term capital gains are taxable to you as ordinary income. Distributions from the Fund's net capital gain (the excess of its net long-term capital gains over its net short-term capital losses) are generally taxable to non-corporate shareholders at rates of up to 20%, regardless of how long the shareholders held their respective shares in the Fund. Because a significant portion of the Fund's income is derived from interest rather than dividends, it is generally expected that only a portion of its distributions will be eligible to be treated as qualified dividend income (subject to reduced tax rates for non-corporate shareholders) or for the dividends-received deduction for corporate shareholders. You will be taxed in the same manner whether you receive your dividends and capital gain distributions in cash or reinvest them in additional Fund shares. The Fund will only be eligible to pass through to shareholders the tax-exempt character of its income from debt obligations that generate interest exempt from U.S. Federal income tax if at least 50% of the value of the Fund's total assets at the close of each quarter of its taxable years consists of such debt obligations. It is not anticipated that the Fund will be eligible to distribute exempt-interest dividends to shareholders.

A tax of 3.8% applies to all or a portion of net investment income of U.S. individuals with income exceeding specified thresholds, and to all or a portion of undistributed net investment income of certain estates and trusts. Net investment income generally includes for this purpose dividends and capital gain distributions paid by the Fund and gain on the redemption of Fund shares.

Any dividend or capital gain distribution paid by the Fund has the effect of reducing the NAV per share on the ex-dividend date by the amount of the dividend or capital gain distribution. You should note that a dividend or capital gain distribution paid on shares purchased shortly before that dividend or capital gain distribution was declared will be subject to income taxes even though the dividend or capital gain distribution represents, in substance, a partial return of capital to you. This is known as "buying a dividend" and should be avoided by taxable investors.

Although distributions are generally taxable when received, certain distributions declared in October, November, or December to shareholders of record on a specified date in such a month but paid the following January are taxable as if received in December of the year in which the dividend is declared

The Fund (or its administrative agent) will send you a report annually summarizing the amount and tax aspects of your distributions.

By law, the Fund must withhold as backup withholding a percentage of your taxable distributions and redemption proceeds if you (1) have provided the Fund either an incorrect tax identification number or no number at all, (2) are subject to backup withholding by the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") for failure to properly report payments of interest or dividends, (3) have failed to certify to the Fund that you are not subject to backup withholding, or

(4) have not certified to the Fund that you are a U.S. person (including a U.S. resident alien). The backup withholding rate is 24%. Backup withholding will not, however, be applied to payments that have been subject to the 30% withholding tax applicable to shareholders who are neither citizens nor residents of the United States.

The Fund will be required to report to the IRS all distributions of taxable income and capital gains as well as gross proceeds from the redemption of Fund shares, except in the case of exempt shareholders, which includes most corporations. The Fund will also be required to report tax basis information for such shares and indicate whether these shares had a short-term or long-term holding period. If a shareholder has a different basis for different shares of a Fund in the same account (e.g., if a shareholder purchased shares in the same account at different times for different prices), the Fund calculates the basis of the shares sold using its default method unless the shareholder has properly elected to use a different method. The Fund's default method for calculating basis is the average cost basis method, under which the Fund averages the purchase price of acquired shares. A shareholder may elect, on an account-by-account basis, to use a method other than the average cost basis method by following procedures established by the Fund or its administrative agent. If such an election is made on or prior to the date of the first exchange or redemption of shares in the account and on or prior to the date that is one year after the shareholder receives notice of the applicable Fund's default method, the new election will generally apply as if the average cost method had never been in effect for such account. Shareholders should consult their tax advisers concerning the tax consequences of applying the average cost method or electing another method of basis calculation. Shareholders also should carefully review any cost basis information provided to them and make any additional basis, holding period or other adjustments that are required when reporting these amounts on their federal income tax returns.

If you sell, exchange, or redeem your Fund shares, it is considered a taxable event for you. Depending on the purchase price and the sale, exchange or redemption price of the shares you sell, exchange or redeem, you may have a gain or a loss on the transaction, which should generally be treated as a capital gain or loss. Capital gain or loss realized upon a sale or exchange of Fund shares held for twelve months or less is generally treated as short-term capital gain or loss, except that any capital loss on the sale of Fund shares held for six months or less is treated as long-term capital loss to the extent that capital gain dividends were paid with respect to such Fund shares and disallowed to the extent that exempt-interest dividends were paid with respect to such Fund shares. You are responsible for any tax liabilities generated by your transaction. The Internal Revenue Code limits the deductibility of capital losses in certain circumstances.

To the extent the Fund invests in foreign securities, it may be subject to foreign withholding taxes with respect to dividends or interest the Fund received from sources in foreign countries.

Additional information concerning taxation of the Fund and its shareholders is contained in the SAI. Tax consequences are not the primary consideration of the Fund in making its investment decisions. If you have a tax-advantaged retirement account, you will generally not be subject to federal taxation on any dividends and capital gain distributions until you begin receiving your distributions from your retirement account. **You should consult your own tax adviser concerning federal, state and local tax effects of your investment in the Fund.**

## **SHARE CLASS INFORMATION AND DISTRIBUTION ARRANGEMENTS**

### **Description of Classes**

The Trust has adopted a multiple class plan that allows the Fund to offer one or more classes of shares of the Fund. The Fund currently offers one class of shares – Institutional Class. The Investor Class is not available for purchase as of the date of this Prospectus. The different classes of shares represent investments in the same portfolio of securities, but the classes are subject to different expenses as discussed below.

### **Institutional Class**

Institutional Class shares of the Fund are not subject to Rule 12b-1 fees.

### **Investor Class**

Investor Class shares of the Fund are subject to Rule 12b-1 distribution and service fees of 0.25% of average daily net assets, which are assessed against the shares of the Fund.

**Distribution Plan (Rule 12b-1)**

The Trust has adopted a plan pursuant to Rule 12b-1 for the Fund's Investor Class only that would allow the Fund to pay fees for the sale, distribution and servicing of its Investor Class. The plan provides for a distribution and servicing fee of up to 0.25% of the Investor Class shares' average daily net assets. Because these fees are paid out over the life of the Fund's Investor Class shares, over time, these fees (to the extent they are accrued and paid) would increase the cost of your investment and may cost you more than paying other types of sales charges.

The Fund has policies and procedures in place for the monitoring of payments to broker-dealers and other financial intermediaries for distribution-related and non-distribution activities such as sub-transfer agent, administrative, and other shareholder servicing services.

**Additional Payments to Dealers**

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Institutional Class shares may also be available on brokerage platforms of firms that have agreements with the Fund's distributor to offer such shares solely when acting as an agent for the investor. An investor transacting in these programs may be required to pay a commission and/or other forms of compensation to the broker. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

**Distributor**

Quasar Distributors, LLC, a wholly-owned broker-dealer subsidiary of Foreside Financial Group, LLC, is located at 111 E. Kilbourn Avenue, Suite 2200, Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202, and is the distributor for the shares of the Fund. Quasar is a registered broker-dealer and a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority. Shares of the Fund are offered on a continuous basis.

**Service Fees – Other Payments to Third Parties**

The Adviser, out of its own resources, and without additional cost to the Fund or its shareholders, may provide cash payments or non-cash compensation to financial intermediaries who sell shares of the Fund. Such payments and compensation would be in addition to Rule 12b-1 and service fees paid by the Fund, as applicable. These additional cash payments are generally made to intermediaries that provide shareholder servicing, marketing support and/or access to sales meetings, sales representatives and management representatives of the intermediary. Cash compensation may also be paid to intermediaries for inclusion of the Fund on a sales list, in other sales programs or as an expense reimbursement in cases where the intermediary provides shareholder services to the Fund's shareholders. The Adviser may also pay cash compensation in the form of finder's fees that vary depending on the Fund and the dollar amount of the shares sold.

**ADDITIONAL INFORMATION****Inactive Accounts**

The Fund is legally obligated to escheat (or transfer) abandoned property to the appropriate state's unclaimed property administrator in accordance with statutory requirements. The investor's last known address of record determines which state has jurisdiction. Your mutual fund account may be transferred to your state of residence if no activity occurs within your account during the "inactivity period" specified in your state's abandoned property laws.

**Fund Mailings**

Statements and reports that the Fund sends to you include the following:

- Confirmation statements (after every transaction that affects your account balance or your account registration);
- Annual and semi-annual shareholder reports (every six months); and
- Quarterly account statements.

It is important that the Fund maintain a correct address for each investor. An incorrect address may cause an investor's account statements and other mailings to be returned to the Fund. Based upon statutory requirements

for returned mail, the Fund will attempt to locate the investor or rightful owner of the account. If the Fund is unable to locate the investor, then they will determine whether the investor's account can legally be considered abandoned. Investors with a state of residence in Texas have the ability to designate a representative to receive legislatively required unclaimed property due diligence notifications. Please contact the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts for further information.

### **Householding**

In an effort to decrease costs, the Fund intends to reduce the number of duplicate prospectuses, annual and semi-annual reports, proxy statements and other similar documents you receive by sending only one copy of each to those addresses shared by two or more accounts and to shareholders the Transfer Agent reasonably believes are from the same family or household. Once implemented, if you would like to discontinue householding for your accounts, please call toll-free at 877-BRAMS18 or 877-272-6718 to request individual copies of these documents. Once the Transfer Agent receives notice to stop householding, the Transfer Agent will begin sending individual copies thirty days after receiving your request. This policy does not apply to account statements.

### **General Policies**

Some of the following policies are mentioned above. In general, the Fund reserves the right to:

- Refuse, change, discontinue, or temporarily suspend account services, including purchase, or telephone redemption privileges, for any reason;
- Reject any purchase request for any reason. Generally, the Fund will do this if the purchase is disruptive to the efficient management of the Fund (due to the timing of the investment or an investor's history of excessive trading);
- Redeem all shares in your account if your balance falls below the minimum initial investment amount due to redemption activity. If, within 30 days of the Fund's written request, you have not increased your account balance, you may be required to redeem your shares. The Fund will not require you to redeem shares if the value of your account drops below the investment minimum due to fluctuations of NAV;
- Delay paying redemption proceeds for more than seven calendar days after receiving a request under the circumstances described below; and
- Reject any purchase or redemption request that does not contain all required documentation and is not in good order.

Before redeeming recently purchased shares, please note that if the Transfer Agent has not yet collected payment for the shares you are redeeming, it may delay sending the proceeds until the payment is collected, which may take up to fifteen calendar days from the purchase date. This delay will not apply if you purchased your shares via wire payment. Furthermore, there are certain times when you may be unable to redeem the Fund's shares or receive proceeds. Specifically, the Fund may suspend the right to redeem shares or postpone the date of payment upon redemption for more than seven calendar days for:

1. any period during which the NYSE is closed (other than customary week-end and holiday closings) or trading on the NYSE is restricted;
2. any period during which an emergency exists as a result of which disposal by the Fund of securities owned by it is not reasonably practicable or it is not reasonably practicable for the Fund fairly to determine the value of its net assets; or
3. such other periods as the SEC may permit for the protection of the Fund's shareholders.

If you did not decline telephone options on the account application or in a letter to the Fund, you may be responsible for any fraudulent telephone orders as long as the Fund has taken reasonable precautions to verify your identity. Before executing an instruction received by telephone, the Transfer Agent will use reasonable procedures to confirm that the telephone instructions are genuine. The telephone call may be recorded and the caller may be asked to verify certain personal identification information. If the Fund or its agents follow these procedures, they cannot be held liable for any loss, expense or cost arising out of any telephone redemption request that is reasonably believed to be genuine. This includes fraudulent or unauthorized requests. If an account has more than one owner or authorized person, the Fund will accept telephone instructions from any one owner or authorized person. In addition, once you place a telephone transaction request, it cannot be canceled or modified after the close of regular trading on the NYSE (generally, 4:00 p.m., Eastern Time).

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The financial highlights table is intended to help you understand the Fund's financial performance for the fiscal periods shown. Certain information reflects financial results for a single share. The total returns in the table represent the rate that an investor would have earned or lost on an investment in the Fund (assuming reinvestment of all dividends and distributions). The information has been audited by BBD, LLP, whose report, along with the Fund's financial statements, are included in the Fund's annual report, which is available upon request.

### Institutional Class

For a capital share outstanding throughout each period presented

	For the Year Ended March 31, 2021	For the Year Ended March 31, 2020	For the Year Ended March 31, 2019	For the Year Ended March 31, 2018	For the Period April 11, 2016* through March 31, 2017
<b>Net Asset Value, Beginning of Period</b>	\$ 9.20	\$ 9.97	\$ 9.75	\$ 10.24	\$ 10.00
<b>INCOME FROM INVESTMENT OPERATIONS:</b>					
Net investment income <sup>(1)</sup>	0.33	0.31	0.37	0.35	0.22
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments	1.17	(0.76)	0.23	(0.43)	0.24
<b>Total Income (Loss) from Investment Operations</b>	<b>1.50</b>	<b>(0.45)</b>	<b>0.60</b>	<b>(0.08)</b>	<b>0.46</b>
<b>LESS DISTRIBUTIONS:</b>					
Net investment income	(0.34)	(0.31)	(0.38)	(0.36)	(0.17)
Net realized gain on investments	—	—	—	(0.05)	(0.05)
Return of capital	(0.02)	(0.01)	—	—	—
<b>Total Distributions</b>	<b>(0.36)</b>	<b>(0.32)</b>	<b>(0.38)</b>	<b>(0.41)</b>	<b>(0.22)</b>
<b>Net Asset Value, End of Period</b>	<b>\$ 10.34</b>	<b>\$ 9.20</b>	<b>\$ 9.97</b>	<b>\$ 9.75</b>	<b>\$ 10.24</b>
<b>Total Return</b>	16.40 %	(4.67)%	6.24 %	(0.85)% <sup>(4)</sup>	4.63 % <sup>(2)(4)</sup>
<b>SUPPLEMENTAL DATA AND RATIOS:</b>					
Net assets, end of period (in thousands)	\$ 771,520	\$ 509,213	\$ 401,566	\$ 191,495	\$ 140,624
Ratio of expenses to average net assets					
Before fees waived/ recouped by the Adviser	1.04 %	1.10 % <sup>(5)</sup>	1.10 %	1.12 %	1.26 % <sup>(3)</sup>
After fees waived/ recouped by the Adviser	1.04 %	1.13 % <sup>(5)</sup>	1.10 %	1.10 %	1.10 % <sup>(3)</sup>
Ratio of net investment income to average net assets					
Before fees waived/ recouped by the Adviser	3.27 %	3.14 % <sup>(6)</sup>	3.76 %	3.55 %	2.05 % <sup>(3)</sup>
After fees waived/ recouped by the Adviser	3.27 %	3.11 % <sup>(6)</sup>	3.76 %	3.57 %	2.20 % <sup>(3)</sup>
Portfolio turnover rate	83 %	134 %	131 %	130 %	243 % <sup>(2)</sup>

\* Inception date.

(1) Per share amounts have been calculated using average shares method.

(2) Not Annualized.

(3) Annualized.

(4) Includes adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States and, consequently, the net asset value for financial reporting purposes and the returns based upon those net asset values may differ from the net asset values and returns for shareholder transactions.

(5) The ratios of expenses to average net assets include interest expenses. For the year ended March 31, 2020, excluding interest expenses, the ratio of expenses to average net assets before fees waived/recouped by the Adviser was 1.05%. Excluding interest expenses, the ratio of expenses to average net assets after fees waived/recouped by the Adviser was 1.08%.

(6) The ratios of net investment income to average net assets include interest expenses. For the year ended March 31, 2020, excluding interest expenses, the ratio of net investment income to average net assets before fees waived/recouped by the Adviser was 3.19%. Excluding interest expenses, the ratio of net investment income to average net assets after fees waived/recouped by the Adviser was 3.16%.

**Investment Adviser**

Bramshill Investments, LLC  
4850 Tamiami Trail North, Suite 301  
Naples, Florida 34103

**Distributor**

Quasar Distributors, LLC  
111 E. Kilbourn Avenue, Suite 2200  
Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202

**Custodian**

U.S. Bank National Association  
Custody Operations  
1555 North Rivercenter Drive, Suite 302  
Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53212

**Transfer Agent**

U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC  
615 East Michigan Street  
Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202

**Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm**

BBD, LLP  
1835 Market Street, 3rd Floor  
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19103

**Legal Counsel**

Morgan, Lewis & Bockius, LLP  
1111 Pennsylvania Avenue NW  
Washington, DC 20004



## PRIVACY NOTICE

The Fund collects non-public information about you from the following sources:

- Information we receive about you on applications or other forms;
- Information you give us orally; and/or
- Information about your transactions with us or others

We do not disclose any non-public personal information about our customers or former customers without the customer's authorization, except as permitted by law or in response to inquiries from governmental authorities. We may share information with affiliated and unaffiliated third parties with whom we have contracts for servicing the Fund. We will provide unaffiliated third parties with only the information necessary to carry out their assigned responsibilities. We maintain physical, electronic and procedural safeguards to guard your personal information and require third parties to treat your personal information with the same high degree of confidentiality.

In the event that you hold shares of the Fund through a financial intermediary, including, but not limited to, a broker-dealer, bank, or trust company, the privacy policy of your financial intermediary would govern how your non-public personal information would be shared with unaffiliated third parties.

## FOR MORE INFORMATION

You can find more information about the Fund in the following documents:

### **Statement of Additional Information**

The SAI provides additional details about the investments and techniques of the Fund and certain other additional information. A current SAI is on file with the SEC and is incorporated into this Prospectus by reference. This means that the SAI is legally considered a part of this Prospectus even though it is not physically within this Prospectus.

### **Annual and Semi-Annual Reports**

The Fund's annual and semi-annual reports (collectively, the "Shareholder Reports") provide the most recent financial reports and portfolio listings. The annual report contains a discussion of the market conditions and investment strategies that affected the Fund's performance during the Fund's last fiscal year.

The SAI and the Shareholder Reports will be available free of charge on the Fund's website at [www.bramshillfunds.com](http://www.bramshillfunds.com). You can obtain a free copy of the SAI and Shareholder Reports, request other information, or make general inquires about the Fund by calling the Fund at 877-BRAMS18 or 877-272-6718 or by writing to:

Bramshill Income Performance Fund  
c/o U.S. Bank Global Fund Services  
P.O. Box 701  
Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53201-0701

Reports and other information about the Fund are also available:

- Free of charge from the SEC's EDGAR database on the SEC's website at <http://www.sec.gov>; or,
- For a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following e-mail address: [publicinfo@sec.gov](mailto:publicinfo@sec.gov).

(The Trust's SEC Investment Company Act file number is 811-21422.)